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Shaolin Qinna

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少林擒拿 Shàolín Qínná

Qinna: Various defensive joint-locking and manipulation techniques

Origen: Chinese martial arts styles

Specially: Traditional Shaolin Wugong (martial arts)

Goal: Give permanent damage or extreme pain

Explenation:

擒 - qín - Capture 拿 - ná - Hold

套路(Tàolù) Chinsese fighting have three component用法 (yòngfǎ):

- 1. 打 (dǎ) Striking
- 2. 摔 (shuāi) Throwing
- 3. 擒拿 (qínná) Seizing and Controlling

五擒拿原则 wǔ qínná yuánzé - Five Qinna Principles

- 1. 分筋 (fēn jīn) Muscle and Tendon Separation
 - Two aspects of Fen Jin
 - 1. 抓紧 (zhuājǐn) Grasping
 - 1. Zhuajin uses fingers to pinch" and separate the muscles and tendons of the opponent
 - Causing intense pain
 - Shaolin imitative styles such as Tiger and eagle is often used.
 - Effectiveness depends on the finger strength
 - 2. 捺穴 (nà xué) Pressing the cavities
 - Attacking the acupuncture points.
 - 2. 扭骨 (niǔ gǔ) Bone Misplacement
 - Niu Gu will either dislocate or snap a bone, or damage the joint, muscles and tendons surrounding the bone
 - Minimal force will bring an opponent to the ground
 - 3. 闭气 (bì qì) Breath Obstruction
 - Bi Qi means to close or seal the air
 - 4. 点脉 (diǎn mài) Vein & Artery Pressing
 - Dian Mai is to block the circulation of blood
 - Dian Mai techniques can cause unconsciousness, and is potentially fatal
 - 5. 点穴 (diǎn xué) Cavity Pressing
 - Manipulation of acupuncture points
 - Dian xue can be fatal
 - Dian Xue is the highest level of Qinna

• Requires deep knowledge of Qi

A famus Shaolin munk 释贞绪 Shì Zhēnxù, 1893-1955 specialized on Dian Xue. He divided into 36 fatal points, 18 crippling points, and 64 health care points, for a total of 118. He needed one year to learn the points. Shi Zhenxu is the motivator of modern Shaolin Qinna.

32. Techniques of Shaolin Qinna

#1. Golden Silk Enwind Wrist

- A. Person holds your hand
 - a. Left on right or right on left
 - b. He holds from outside



B. You grab and hold his holding hand with your free hand a. Press his hand toward the hand he is holding



- C. Turn you captured hand to press his grasping hand
 - a. Press his hand downward
 - b. His little finger is upward







2. Hook Wrist with Palm Cutting

- A. Person holds your hand
 - a. Left on left or right on right
 - b. He holds from outside



B. You grab and hold his holding hand with your free hand a. Press his hand toward the hand he is holding



- C. Turn you captured hand to press his grasping hand
 - a. Press his hand downward
 - b. His little finger is upward







#3. Kneel down to Beg

- A. Person holds your shoulder
 - a. Right on left, or left on right
 - b. He holds straight forward



B. You grab and hold his holding hand with your free hand a. Press his hand toward your body



- C. Rotate your upper body and lift your other arm
 - a. Press your elbow over and pass his elbow
 - b. His little finger is upward







4. Xiang Zi Carries Basket

- A. Person holds your shoulder from behind
 - a. Right on right, or left on left
 - b. He holds straight forward



B. You grab and hold his holding hand with your free hand a. Press his hand toward your body



- C. Rotate your body toward outside and lift your other arm
 - a. Press your elbow over and pass his elbow
 - b. His little finger is upward







#5. Protect Both Shoulders

- A. Person hold you with both hands from front
 - a. Right on left, or left on right
 - b. He holds straight forward



- B. You grab his hands crossed
 - a. Press his hands toward your body
 - b. Left on left and right on right
 - c. Your elbow will be close to his elbows



- C. Bend your upper body forward
 - a. Press your elbows down
 - b. Force him to the ground





